

STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, CONSERVATION & FORESTRY 93 STATE HOUSE STATION AUGUSTA, MAINE 04333-0093

PAUL R. LEPAGE
GOVERNOR

WALTER E. WHITCOMB
COMMISSIONER

March 29, 2013

Steve Knapp Kleinschmidt Associates 141 Main Street P.O. Box 650 Pittsfield, ME 04967

Re: Rare and exemplary botanical features in proximity to: Trafton Road I-95 Interchange, Waterville and Sidney, Maine

Dear Mr. Knapp:

I have searched the Natural Areas Program's Biological and Conservation Data System files in response to your request received March 29, 2013 for information on the presence of rare or unique botanical features documented from the vicinity of the project site in Waterville, Maine. Rare and unique botanical features include the habitat of rare, threatened, or endangered plant species and unique or exemplary natural communities. Our review involves examining maps, manual and computerized records, other sources of information such as scientific articles or published references, and the personal knowledge of staff or cooperating experts.

Our official response covers only botanical features. For authoritative information and official response for zoological features you must make a similar request to the Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife, 284 State Street, Augusta, Maine 04333.

According to the information currently in our Biological and Conservation Data System files, there are no rare botanical features documented specifically within the project area. This lack of data may indicate minimal survey efforts rather than confirm the absence of rare botanical features. You may want to have the site inventoried by a qualified field biologist to ensure that no undocumented rare features are inadvertently harmed.

If a field survey of the project area is conducted, please refer to the enclosed supplemental information regarding rare and exemplary botanical features documented to occur in the vicinity of the project site. The list may include information on features that have been known to occur historically in the area as well as recently field-verified information. While historic records have not been documented in several years, they may persist in the area if suitable habitat exists. The enclosed list identifies features with potential to occur in the area, and it should be considered if you choose to conduct field surveys.

This finding is available and appropriate for preparation and review of environmental assessments, but it is not a substitute for on-site surveys. Comprehensive field surveys do not exist for all natural areas in Maine, and in the absence of a specific field investigation, the Maine Natural Areas Program cannot provide a definitive statement on the presence or absence of unusual natural features at this site.

Letter to Steve Knapp, Kleinschmidt. Comments RE: I-95, Waterville March 29, 2013 Page 2 of 2

The Natural Areas Program is continuously working to achieve a more comprehensive database of exemplary natural features in Maine. We would appreciate the contribution of any information obtained should you decide to do field work. The Natural Areas Program welcomes coordination with individuals or organizations proposing environmental alteration, or conducting environmental assessments. If, however, data provided by the Natural Areas Program are to be published in any form, the Program should be informed at the outset and credited as the source.

The Natural Areas Program has instituted a fee structure of \$75.00 an hour to recover the actual cost of processing your request for information. You will receive an invoice for \$150.00 for two hours of our services.

Thank you for using the Natural Areas Program in the environmental review process. Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have further questions about the Natural Areas Program or about rare or unique botanical features on this site.

Sincerely,

Don Cameron

Ecologist

Maine Natural Areas Program

207-287-8041

don.s.cameron@maine.gov

Project: I-95 Interchange, Waterville and Sidney, Maine

Scientific Name	State	State	Clohal	Data Last	Occurrence	Hobitot
	Status	Rank	Rank	Observed	Number	
Juncus alpinoarticulatus ssp.	SC	S3	G5T5?	1916-07-06	9	Non-tidal rivershore (non-forested,
noaulosus						seasonally wet)
Juncus alpinoarticulatus ssp. nodulosus	SC	83	G5T5?	1898-09	10	Non-tidal rivershore (non-forested, seasonally wet)
Malaxis monophyllos	田	S1	G5	1916-07-06	16	Forested wetland
Ophioglossum pusillum	SC	S1	GS	1924-07	∞	Old field/roadside (non-forested, wetland or upland)
Phegopteris hexagonoptera	SC	S2	G5	1915-08-13	11	Hardwood to mixed forest (forest, upland)
Phryma leptostachya	PE	SH	G5	1916-08	4	Hardwood to mixed forest (forest, upland)
Platanthera flava var. herbiola	SC	S2	G4T4Q	1916-07-06	21	Open wetland, not coastal nor rivershore (non-forested, wetland)
Sagittaria filiformis	SC	S2	G4G5	2003-09-11	7	
Sagittaria filiformis	SC	S2	G4G5	2003-09-10	9	
Spiranthes lucida	T	S1	G5	1909-07-01	18	Non-tidal rivershore (non-forested, seasonally wet)
Zosterella dubia	SC	S3	G5	2003-09-10	12	Open water (non-forested, wetland)
Maine Natural Areas Program						Visit our website: www.maine.gov/doc/nrimc/mnap

Rare & Exemplary Botanical Features within 4 miles of

Project: I-95 Interchange, Waterville and Sidney, Maine

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Scientific Name	State Status	State Rank	Global Rank	Date Last Observed	Occurrence Number	Habitat Habitat	
Allium canadense	SC	S2	G5	1983-07-14	4	Hardwood to mixed forest (forest, upland)	
Bromus pubescens	SC	S2	G5	1915-08-10	9	Hardwood to mixed forest (forest, upland)	
Carex alopecoidea	PE	HS	G5	1916-07-06	2	Forested wetland	
Cryptotaenia canadensis	PE	SH	G5	1936-07	4	Hardwood to mixed forest (forest, upland)	
Cryptotaenia canadensis	PE	SH	G5	1916-08-18	က	Hardwood to mixed forest (forest, upland)	
Cyperus houghtonii	PE	SH	G4?	1905-07-22	1	Dry barrens (partly forested, upland)	
Cyperus squarrosus	SC	S2	GS	1898-09-02	ю	Non-tidal rivershore (non-forested, seasonally wet)	
Cyperus squarrosus	SC	S2	G5	1898-09-02	63	Non-tidal rivershore (non-forested, seasonally wet)	
Cypripedium reginae	T	S3	G4	1903-06	33	Forested wetland	
Elymus hystrix	SC	S3	G5	1916-08-18	12	Hardwood to mixed forest (forest, upland)	
Elymus hystrix	SC	S3	G5	1905-08-05	11	Hardwood to mixed forest (forest, upland)	
Galearis spectabilis	因	S1	GS	1941	16	Hardwood to mixed forest (forest, upland)	
Galearis spectabilis	田	S1	GS	1915-08-12	13	Hardwood to mixed forest (forest, upland)	
Galearis spectabilis	田	S1	G5	1915-08-12	12	Hardwood to mixed forest (forest, upland)	
Galearis spectabilis	প্র	S1	G5	1896-06-05	11	Hardwood to mixed forest (forest, upland)	

STATE RARITY RANKS

- Critically imperiled in Maine because of extreme rarity (five or fewer occurrences or very few remaining individuals or acres) or because some aspect of its biology makes it especially vulnerable to extirpation from the State of Maine.
- S2 Imperiled in Maine because of rarity (6-20 occurrences or few remaining individuals or acres) or because of other factors making it vulnerable to further decline.
- Rare in Maine (20-100 occurrences).
- S4 Apparently secure in Maine.
- S5 Demonstrably secure in Maine.
- SH Known historically from the state, not verified in the past 20 years.
- SX Apparently extirpated from the state, loss of last known occurrence has been documented.
- SU Under consideration for assigning rarity status; more information needed on threats or distribution.
- S#? Current occurrence data suggests assigned rank, but lack of survey effort along with amount of potential habitat create uncertainty (e.g. S3?).
- SNR State rank not yet assessed.
- Note: State Rarity Ranks are determined by the Maine Natural Areas Program.

GLOBAL RARITY RANKS

- G1 Critically imperiled globally because of extreme rarity (five or fewer occurrences or very few remaining individuals or acres) or because some aspect of its biology makes it especially vulnerable to extinction.
- G2 Globally imperiled because of rarity (6-20 occurrences or few remaining individuals or acres) or because of other factors making it vulnerable to further decline.
- G3 Globally rare (20-100 occurrences).
- G4 Apparently secure globally.
- G5 Demonstrably secure globally.
- GNR Global rank not yet assessed.
- Note: Global Ranks are determined by NatureServe, for more information see http://www.natureserve.org/explorer/ranking.htm.

STATE LEGAL STATUS

- Note: State legal status is according to 5 M.R.S.A. § 13076-13079, which mandates the Department of Conservation to produce and biennially update the official list of Maine's Endangered and Threatened plants. The list is derived by a technical advisory committee of botanists who use data in the Natural Areas Program's database to recommend status changes to the Department of Conservation.
- E ENDANGERED; Rare and in danger of being lost from the state in the foreseeable future; or federally listed as Endangered.
- T THREATENED; Rare and, with further decline, could become endangered; or federally listed as Threatened.

NON-LEGAL STATUS

- SC SPECIAL CONCERN; Rare in Maine, based on available information, but not sufficiently rare to be considered Threatened or Endangered.
- PE Potentially Extirpated; Species has not been documented in Maine in past 20 years or loss of last known occurrence has been documented.